Finance and Procurement Service Plan 2024 – 2025



The principal purpose of the Service is to:

Provide strategic advice and support to the Council to seek to ensure that increasingly limited resources are effectively applied towards the achievement of the Council's agreed priorities and objectives. We provide a range of technical, professional and advisory services essential to the achievement of our Council's agreed priorities, currently structured over five functional areas:

Finance and Accounting

- Section 95 Officer Responsibilities
- Budget Development Process
- Financial Monitoring
- Statutory Accounts and Financial Returns
- Financial Support and Advice to Services
- Council Financial Management and Control Framework

Treasury and Capital

- Capital Strategy
- Capital Investment Planning and Monitoring
- Insurance Programme
- Pension Fund Investment Mgmt.
- Treasury Management, Investment and Borrowing
- Departmental Business Support
- Taxation/VAT Advice

Procurement and Commissioning

- Procurement Policies and Strategies
- Procurement Advice and Support to Services
- Procurement and Contract Compliance Monitoring
- Regulated and Collaborative Procurement Activity

- Contract and Supplier Management Strategy
- Sustainable Procurement, including community benefits and relevant Community Wealth Building procurement activities
- Commissioning

Financial Transactions

- Payroll for All Council Staff
- Staff Advertising and Recruitment
- Statutory Employment Returns, incl. HMRC
- Ordering and Payments to Suppliers and Clients
- Sales/Service Billing and Payment management
- Debt Recovery

Financial Wellbeing and Revenues

- Council Tax and Non-Domestic Rates Billing and Debt Collection
- Benefits administration including Free School Meals
- Welfare Support including Benefit Maximisation, Welfare and Housing Options and Scottish Welfare fund.
- Financial Assessments for care home and care at home
- Support Operational Delivery and Corporate Income Management

We support our Council in achieving best value from available financial resources through the development of medium and long term financial strategies and ensure the effective stewardship of public monies through the development of clear financial and procurement management frameworks, effective and efficient transactional processes and the provision of training, advice and support to our customers. We also develop and implement a framework of procurement policies and strategies that are aligned to the objectives of our Council and are supported by effective governance arrangements. We ensure all Benefits and Welfare services are administered and take up is supported and maximized. We ensure effective and timely collection and recovery of Revenue from Council Tax and Non-Domestic Rates.

The key strategies that the Finance and Procurement service has responsibility for delivering include:

- Financial Strategy and Supporting Budget Plan
- Capital Strategy and Supporting 10 Year Capital Investment Strategy
- Procurement Strategy and Supporting Standing Orders
- Contract and Supplier Management Strategy
- Sustainable Procurement Policy
- Treasury Management Strategy and Prudential Indicators
- Finance and Procurement Workforce Strategy
- Pension Fund Investment Strategy
- Purchase to Pay (P2P) Policy
- Non Domestic Rates Empty Relief Policy
- Poverty and Inequalities Strategy

The service leads projects within the following Council Plan Strategic Outcomes:

- Businesses are supported to start and grow.
- Help is provided to tackle the causes and effects of poverty, inequality and increased cost of living.

The service demonstrates the Council's Principles by:

Safeguard our future





Support our citizens



Address the climate emergency seeking to ensure that a range of activities including resource allocation, procurement processes and the way we work are increasingly influenced by environmental considerations and the transition towards a carbon neutral region.

Put customers at the heart of services by:

- Providing responsive and reliable services that achieve high standards of customer care.
- Supporting our most vulnerable and in need by seeking to ensure that resource allocation decisions are increasingly focussed on achieving the Council's priorities as set out in the Council Plan.
- Offer Digital Services continue the shift towards the increased automation and digitalisation of our services and to make dealings with the Council as straightforward and efficient as possible.



Support our communities



- Work in partnership with public, private and voluntary sector partners, at a local and national level, to support the delivery of responsive, effective and efficient public services aligned to agreed priorities and outcomes.
- Invest to enable change through identifying the resources required to support required investment and supporting the development of proposals to progress and deliver required change.

Be a responsive Council



- Maintain sustainable finances through continuing to support Members in the development of the Council's Financial Strategy and Budget Process over the short, medium and longer terms and maintain the role of the agreed Budget Principles which support Members as part of this process.
- Communicate openly including through sharing accurate and timely information both across and beyond the Council to support informed and effective decision making.
- Maintain high standards through consistently demonstrating the highest levels of integrity and through demonstrating professionalism, leadership, support and appropriate behaviours at all times.
- Be organised to deliver to meet the needs of service users, putting the customer first to support individuals and the community.
- Make the best use of resources through ensuring that the Council's frameworks for financial administration and procurement are effective, communicated, understood and adhered to.

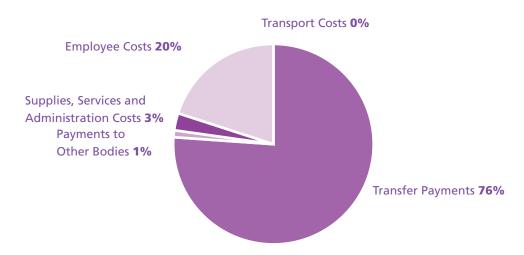
Resource Plan

The following resources underpin the delivery of the Service Plan:

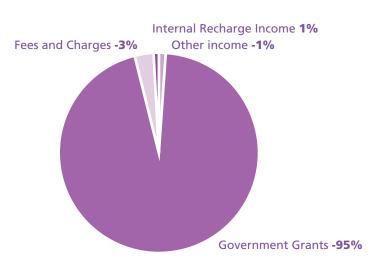
Budget:

| Finance & Procurement | Budget |
|---|---------------------|
| Budget Estimates Summary | Estimates Finance & |
| Service Analysis | Procurement |
| - | £ |
| Expense | |
| Employee Costs | 8,909,217 |
| Property Costs | 0 |
| Transport Costs | 8,472 |
| Supplies, Services and Administration Costs | 1,217,109 |
| Payments to Other Bodies | 235,750 |
| Transfer Payments | 33,264,864 |
| Expense Total | 42 C2E 442 |
| Income | |
| Fees and Charges | (920,250) |
| Government Grants | (30,796,614) |
| Other Grants | 0 |
| Client Contributions | 0 |
| Other Contributions/Donations | 0 |
| External Recharges | 0 |
| Other Income | (222,500) |
| Internal Recharge Income | (470,788) |
| Income Total | (32,410,152) |
| Grand Total | 11,225,260 |

Expenses



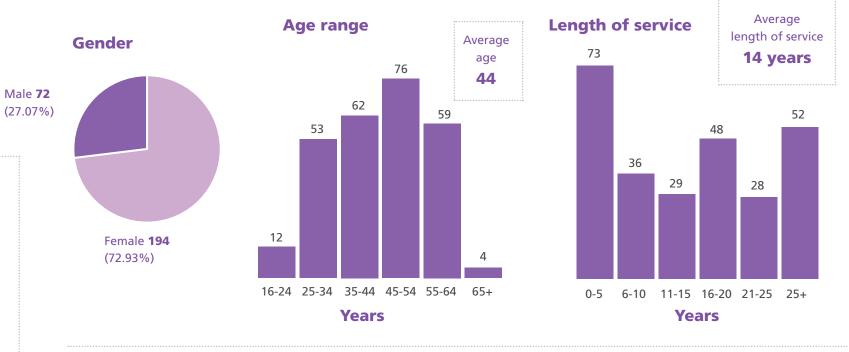
Income



Workforce

Our people, our posts







Service

6

Please note that the above workforce metrics include the Homeless service which is in transition and will move to Social Work Services.

Workforce:

Highlights of workforce engagement and planning in 2024/25:

- The Finance and Procurement service will continue to progress staff and team development through a range of approaches including support for professional and vocational qualifications and providing opportunities for rotation to allow team members to gain experience in new activities.
- Integration of teams across the new Finance and Procurement service, including the Financial Wellbeing team will be an area of focus.
- Flexible/Hybrid working arrangements have continued to play a key role
 in developing the effectiveness of the services in recent years and the
 further development of these arrangements will remain a key area of
 focus.
- Finance and Procurement continues to be committed to the PDR process, including the updated structured conversation approach being adopted corporately. This process is viewed as one which supports the development of individuals, teams and the service as a whole. This process is aligned to the arrangements in place for the ongoing development of individual Team Plans for the following 6 teams:
 - Finance and Accounting
 - Treasury and Capital
 - Procurement and Commissioning
 - Transactions Pay and Employment Services
 - Transactions Billing, Ordering and Payments
 - Financial Wellbeing and Revenues

The Finance and Procurement service will also continue to actively participate in Council-wide workforce engagement activities, including the People Survey, and seek to take the findings into account to further develop workforce engagement and development arrangements.

Finance and Procurement Service Plan 2024/25

– all data will be recorded and reported through Pentana

Council Plan Delivery 2024/25

Strategic Outcome 5: Businesses are supported to start and grow.

| Delivery Plan Action | What team will do it? | Linked Strategy / Plan |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|
| NEXT PHASE - Implementation of the updated Non-Domestic Relief Policy which | Financial Wellbeing | Council Plan |
| supports the local economy and subsequent reporting on impact as required | | |

Strategic Outcome 22: Help is provided to tackle the causes and effects of poverty, inequality and increased cost of living.

| Delivery Plan Action | What team will do it? | Linked Strategy / Plan |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|
| NEW - Implement the Council Tax 2nd Homes Levy | Financial Wellbeing | Council Plan |

Service Delivery 2024/25

| What are we planning to do? | What team will do it? | Linked Strategy / Plan |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Development of a Procurement Approach to Support Community Wealth Building | Procurement and Commissioning | Procurement Strategy |
| Realignment of Service Budgets to Support Effective Budget Monitoring | Finance and Accounting | Agreed 2024/25 Council Revenue Budget |
| Development and Agreement of the Council's Capital Strategy for 2025/26 - 2027/28 | Capital and Treasury | Capital Investment Strategy |
| Development and Agreement of the Council's Financial Strategy and Revenue Budget 2026/27 – 2027/28 | Finance and Accounting | Council Financial Strategy & Budget Development Process |
| Review and refresh of the Corporate Procurement Strategy for 2025/26 | Procurement and Commissioning | Procurement Strategy |

Change and Improvement Activities 2024/25

| What are we planning to do and what is the intended outcome? | What team will do it? | Linked Strategy / Plan |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Enhanced revenues and benefits customer experience: | Financial Wellbeing and | Digital Transformation Strategy |
| System upgrades and migration to a cloud solution to improve customer experience and | Revenues | |
| implement online services for Revenues and Benefits. | | |
| Recruitment Process Review and Improvement | Financial Transactions | Council Plan Strategic Outcome |
| | | 11.2 |

Finance and Procurement Success Measures 2024/25

Measures

| Success Measure | Target | Timescale / | Benchmark |
|---|-------------|-------------|--|
| | | Frequency | |
| Number of Council Contracts Awarded to a Local Supplier | 150 | Quarterly | Internal |
| Percentage of Procurement spend (over £20k) on contract | 95% | Quarterly | Internal / External |
| Total number of regulated contracts awarded that include community benefits | 50 | Quarterly | Internal / External |
| Total Number of Regulated Contacts Awarded that include Fair Work Criteria | 85% | Quarterly | Internal / External |
| Percentage of job applications made online | 99% | Quarterly | Internal |
| Percentage of the number of invoice payments made by electronic means | 97.5% | Quarterly | Internal / External |
| Percentage of staff receiving e-payslips PR10 | 82% | Quarterly | Internal |
| Percentage of staff receiving e-payslips - PR 30 | 98% | Quarterly | Internal |
| Delivery of agreed savings | 90% | Quarterly | Internal |
| Percentage of Budget Holders who have undertaken relevant online training | 95% | Quarterly | Internal |
| modules | | | |
| Number of qualifications (if any) on the Closure of the Final Accounts | 0 | Annual | Internal / External |
| Crisis Grant Processing Time | 1 day | Monthly | External (Scottish Government processing target) |
| Community Care Grant Processing Time | 14 days | Monthly | External (Scottish Government processing target) |
| Number of days to process Housing Benefit (New Claims) | 28 days | Monthly | External (DWP publish days to process |
| | | | information nationally) |
| Number of days to process Housing Benefit (changes) | 5 days | Monthly | External (DWP publish days to process |
| | | | information nationally) |
| Number of days to process Council Tax Reduction (new claims) | 28 days | Monthly | External (Scottish Government publish days to |
| | | | process information) |
| Number of days to process Council Tax Reduction (changes) | 4 days | Monthly | External (Scottish Government publish days to |
| | | | process information) |
| Number Non-Domestic Rate premises in receipt of rates relief. | 7,000 | Monthly | External (Scottish Government collate relief |
| | | | information) |
| Value of additional benefits identified through Financial Inclusion Advice | £4m | Monthly | Internal |
| income maximisation services which will focus on pension age benefits only | | | |
| Income due from council tax for the year excluding reliefs and rebates | £60,050,000 | Quarterly | External (Cipfa collate and publish) |

Council Wide Indicators

| Success Measure | Target | Timescale / Frequency | Benchmark |
|---|-----------|-----------------------|--|
| People | | | |
| The average number of days lost per all other (non-teacher) local government employees through sickness absence | 9 days | Monthly | Internal / External: LGBF |
| Percentage of days lost per employee through sickness absence as a percentage of total possible attendances | 4% | Monthly | Internal |
| Percentage of staff who have completed an appraisal in the last 12 months - Updated | 95% | Monthly | Internal |
| Enquiries/Complaints | | | |
| Percentage of Elected Member enquiries dealt with through the Elected Members Enquiry Service within the agreed timescales | 85% | Quarterly | Internal / External: Local Authority Complaint Handling Network |
| Percentage of Community Council enquiries dealt with through the Community Council Enquiry Service within the agreed timescale. | | Quarterly | Internal |
| Percentage of MP/MSP enquiries dealt with through the Enquiry Service within agreed timescale | | Quarterly | Internal |
| Percentage of Youth Councillor enquiries dealt with through the Enquiry Service within the agreed timescale | | Quarterly | Internal |
| Percentage of Stage 1 complaint responses issued within statutory timescales | 80% | Monthly | Internal / External: Local Authority Complaint Handling Network |
| Percentage of Stage 1 complaint responses where extension was authorised | Data only | Monthly | Internal / External: Local Authority Complaint Handling Network |
| Percentage of Stage 2 complaint responses issued within statutory timescales | 80% | Monthly | Internal / External: Local Authority Complaint Handling Network |
| Percentage of Stage 2 complaint responses where extension was authorised | Data only | Monthly | Internal / External: Local Authority Complaint Handling Network |
| Percentage of Freedom of Information and Environmental Information (Scotland) Regulations requests received that have been responded to within 20 working days of receipt | 90% | Monthly | Internal/External |
| Percentage of requests for subject access requests completed within one month | 85% | Monthly | Internal |
| | | | |

| Success Measure | Target | Timescale / Frequency | Benchmark |
|---|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Finance | | | |
| Revenue Budget Outturn - Projected Outturn as a % of Budget | 100% | Quarterly | Internal |
| Health and Safety | | | |
| Number of Head of Service Safety Visits | 2 | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Total Number Significant Health and Safety Risk Priorities with Actions Overdue | 0 | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Total Number HSE/SFRS Interfaces resulting in legal enforcement action | 0 | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Number of HSE/SFRS Interfaces with actions overdue | 0 | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Number of RIDDOR reportable incidents outside of HSE legal reporting timescales | 0 | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Number of Serious Incident Investigation Reports Overdue | 0 | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Total Number of Serious Incident Reports with actions overdue | 0 | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Number of RIDDOR Reportable Dangerous Occurrences, Employee Injuries and Diseases | 0 | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Number of 3rd Party RIDDOR incidents | 0 | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Number of Reported Near Misses | Data only | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Number of Employee Reported Accidents | Data only | Six Monthly | Internal |
| Number of Reported Violent Incidents to Employees | Data only | Six Monthly | Internal |

Local Government Benchmarking Framework Indicators

| Success Measure | Target | Timescale / Frequency | Benchmark |
|---|--------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| The percentage of invoices paid within 30 days | 95% | Monthly | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Percentage of procurement spent on local small/medium enterprises | 34.5% | Quarterly | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Total useable reserves as a percentage of council annual budgeted revenue | 20% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Uncommitted General Fund Balance as a percentage of council annual budgeted net revenue | 2% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Actual outturn as a percentage of budgeted expenditure | 100% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Ratio of Financing Costs to Net Revenue Stream - General Fund | 6% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Cost of collecting council tax per household | £6.59 | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Percentage of income received from council tax for the year | 99.6% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Percentage of Crisis Grant Decisions within 1 day | 93.50% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Percentage of Community Care Grant Decisions within 15 days | 86% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| The Proportion of Scottish Welfare Fund Budget Spent | 100% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| The Proportion of Discretionary Housing Payment Funding spent | 100% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |
| Support services as a % of Total Gross expenditure | 4.06% | Annual | Internal / External – LGBF |

Finance and Procurement Risk Register

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|---|--|---|
| Council incurs significant unanticipated expenditure and or significant financial loss | Issues/events that could result in unanticipated expenditure and/or loss may include, but might not be restricted to, the following: • A major incident (e.g. pandemic) or accident • A failure to recover debtors, including Council Tax/ NDR • A failure to recover deposits/investments (e.g. through Bank failure) • Demand for Welfare assistance outstripping current allocated budgets • Compensation payments/ settlements as a result of a legal action or other issue | Control and mitigation measures include: The Council has an agreed policy for the retention of a prudent level of General Fund Balances to support unanticipated expenditure demands. In addition, a modest level of contingency funding is retained to support specific issues including a Severe Weather Emergency Fund and a Social Work Support Fund. The Council has established Insurance arrangements, including element of self-insurance, to help offset costs associated with insurable events. The Council annually agrees a comprehensive Treasury Management Strategy with detailed arrangements for the investment and deposit of Council funds, with appropriate counterparty limits, to minimise the risk of loss. Risk Management strategies and planning arrangements across the Council seek to minimise the potential for additional costs/losses. Close monitoring income from debtors/ Council Tax/NDR as well as regular reviews of demands and spend levels in relation to Welfare payments |
| Failure to agree and deliver a genuinely balanced budget within a medium- term Financial Strategy | The key issues that could make this risk a reality would be: Members/officers fail to identify, develop and progress savings options that are realistically deliverable and robust to the levels required to balance the budget. Members are unable to agree a budget reflecting a sufficient level of deliverable savings to balance the budget. Members/officers fail to agree and develop plans for the delivery of savings and service transformation on a sustainable, multi-year basis. | The Council has an agreed Budget Process which incorporates the development of detailed service and financial plans, the identification of required savings, the development of budget proposals and the agreement of annual budgets through Full Council. The agreed budget process includes the development of Budget Plans on a 3 Year Basis to ensure ongoing financial sustainability is fully taken into account. The Council has agreed a set of Budget Setting Principles which include the requirement for budgets to be balanced on a sustainable basis, the need for medium-term financial planning and for the maintenance of an agreed level of General Fund Balances |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|--|--|--|
| Significant budget overspending by the Council and/or an individual service department | The key issues that could make this risk a reality include: Significant increase in unavoidable service demand and associated costs. Impact of unanticipated events including a major incident/accident/ pandemic or a severe weather event. Lack of effectiveness of budgetary control and monitoring arrangements within Services and/or at a corporate level. Inability to generate budgeted levels of income from fees and charges. A failure to recover debtors and/or a failure to collect all income due, including grant income. A failure to deliver agreed savings measures. | The Council has in place a comprehensive set of Financial Regulations and Codes which have recently been updated. The Financial Regulations indicate that Directors are fully accountable for the financial performance of their Department or Service against the budgets allocated. They may incur revenue expenditure in pursuit of policies agreed by a relevant Committee of the Council only to the extent that budgetary provision has been made. In addition, there is a specific Financial Code which sets out guidance on budget monitoring procedures including the responsibilities of the Head of Finance and Procurement, Service Directors and individual budget holders. Comprehensive training arrangements are in place to support budget holders, both through formal training arrangements (including FLO courses) and direct support from Finance and Procurement staff. Budget monitoring, including the identification of potential budget overspending, is subject to regular formal reporting to both Service Committees and, at a corporate level, to the Finance, Procurement and Transformation Committee. Where potential overspending has been identified, there is a clear responsibility on the relevant Chief Officer to implement mitigation measures (eg. a formal action plan where necessary) to seek to bring expenditure within the agreed budget level. The annual budget process recognises and makes financial provision for budget pressures and all budget holders are required to undertake an annual Budget Realignment exercise to ensure that budgets are realistic and that potential pressures are identified and addressed. The Council also operates a Budget Flexibility Scheme, through service reserves, which allows Services to retain funds to address identified demands and to smooth spending levels between years. As a last resort, the Council also has an agreed policy for the retention of a prudent level of General Fund Balances to support unanticipated expenditure demands, includin |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|---|---|--|
| Significant overspending against an agreed capital project budget | The key issues that could make this risk a reality include: Change in project scope from that agreed by Members and reflected in the agreed budget. Identification of unanticipated factors which add to costs (eg. site issues, condition issues for refurbishment projects etc). Impact of unanticipated events such as severe weather or pandemics which can both extend project timescales and increase project costs. Impact of inflationary cost increases and supply chain pressures beyond anticipated levels. Lack of effectiveness of budgetary control and project monitoring arrangements. Inability to secure budgeted levels of external contributions. | To support effective management of capital projects, the Council has introduced Minimum Standards for Programme and Project Management (PPM). These standards are informed by Scottish Government best practice and Treasury Green Book Guidance. A new Capital Gateway process is being implemented for key capital projects, This is designed to fully review the project including value for money at key milestones (Strategic outline business case, Outline Business Case, Full Business Case and on completion) The Council has established Governance structures in place to ensure that there is a regular and robust reporting on the progress of projects. There are a range of Boards and Committees in place to add oversight and scrutiny to the progress of capital projects including the Capital Investment Programme Board, Service Committees and Full Council. The Capital Financial Code provides officers involved in taking forward Capital Projects with clear guidance on the financial management of the Capital Programme, including guidance on devolved spending limits and reporting requirements. Risk Management strategies and planning arrangements across the Council seek to minimise the potential for additional costs/losses. Project monitoring arrangements are supported by the use of 3rd party Cost Consultants where appropriate and Finance and Procurement oversight. In addition, the inclusion/recognition of 'optimism bias' within project budgets is increasingly used to ensure that approved project budgets are realistic and make a reasonable level of allowance for factors impacting on project costs. |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|--|--|---|
| Delivery of agreed Capital Investment Strategy (CIS) adversely impacted as a result of unanticipated increase in borrowing costs | An increase in interest rates beyond anticipated levels. All existing long term borrowing is at fixed rates (ie. Not exposed to current/future rate movements), an increase in borrowing rates above anticipated levels would increase the cost of new borrowing by approximately £2Million per annum by the end of the current investment strategy period for each 1% rate increase if applied to all of the further borrowing required to support the agreed capital investment strategy. A range of factors influence interest rates including economic growth levels (absolute and comparative), inflation and employment levels and global geopolitical factors. Recently interest rates reached a 16 year high at 5.25%, however, it is anticipated that these rates will gradually fall back, albeit not to the historic lows seen over the past decade. Difficulties in accessing/securing external borrowing at appropriate rates. While of lesser likelihood in current circumstances, potential difficulties in accessing/securing external borrowing at appropriate rates could become | The Council receives and approves a comprehensive Annual Treasury Management Strategy Statement (TMSS) and receives, as a minimum, a Half Yearly and an Annual Report report on treasury matters. A Treasury Management Procedure document is maintained by the Treasury Section which details how potential risks are mitigated. Limits are included which aim to minimise the potential risk of any unforeseen increase in borrowing costs are: • Maximum level of debt that is variable rate = 30% • Maximum level of debt that is short term = 25% • Maximum level of long term debt maturing in any financial year = 15% The main source of long term borrowing for the Council is the Public Works Loan Board (PWLB), part of the Debt Management Office (DMO), an Executive Agency of Her Majesty's Treasury, which makes long term borrowing available to UK local authorities. The Council also has access to long and short term borrowing from banks, financial institutions and other local authorities through money markets. In addition, the Council has appointed external Treasury Advisors, Link Asset Services, who provide regular economic and interest rate forecasts. Finance and Procurement work closely with these advisers to ensure that borrowing activities are undertaken in an effective manner, in line with the agreed Strategy, taking full account of |
| | an issue in future with the potential impact of political and/or constitutional change a potential factor. | projections of future interest rate movements. |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|--|---|---|
| Salaries and pensions are not paid on time or are paid incorrectly | The key issues that could make this risk a reality would be: Failure of iTrent system – either short-term affecting a particular payroll run; or longer term affecting a number of payroll runs. Failure of payments file to reach BACS. Loss or unavailability of key staff especially those crucial to instigating the payroll runs. Incorrect information provided/used to calculate payment levels. Failure to communicate details of officers leaving Council employment resulting in these officers continuing to get paid after ceasing Council employment. | Pay and Employment Services have robust procedures and controls in place to ensure that staff, pensioners etc are paid correctly and on time. These processes and controls are under constant review, maintenance and improvement. As part of these arrangements, Pay and Employment Services: Iiaises closely with ICT and Digital to ensure that our systems are managed properly, and have strong back-up procedures in place to allow a quick recovery if there is a failure. These arrangements have proved particularly effective since the move to increased |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|---|--|---|
| Risk Payments to Council Suppliers/ Clients not paid on time or are paid incorrectly | The key issues that could make this risk a reality would be: Failure of Integra Centros system – affecting the processing of invoices and/or a particular purchase ledger payment run either short-term or for a longer term leading to delays in payments made to suppliers/contractors/clients. Failure of Mosaic creditor system affecting the processing of Social Work invoices. Failure of interface file from Mosaic system leading to delays in payments made. Failure of payments file to reach BACS. Loss or unavailability of key staff especially those crucial to instigating payments file runs. Creditor payment error – overpayment, paying twice etc. Wrong supplier details selected and not-corrected leading to paying creditor significant sum in error and cannot recover monies. Banking details are fraudulently amended | Mitigation / Contingency Billing, Ordering & Payments Team have robust procedures and controls in place to ensure that suppliers, contractors and clients get paid correctly and on time. These processes and controls are under constant review, maintenance and improvement. As part of these arrangements the Council has contracted with Capita to externally host the Integra Centros system. One of the key planks of the hosting arrangements are that Capita have robust business disaster recovery processes in place to allow a quick recovery if there is a failure. Billing, Ordering & Payments have robust procedures around supplier maintenance in place, in that any request to change a supplier record, including bank details, then Council must always contact the business using contact information currently held on Integra; and get confirmation from an officer of the business that the request to make the change is genuine. The process also ensures separation of duty in that the maintenance has to be subsequently approved by another officer. Billing, Ordering & Payments have expanded the number of staff who are able to initiate payment runs and BACS processing. The Council has contracted with Bottomline Technologies for its PTX system. This is a more modern BACS processing system |
| | Banking details are fraudulently amended leading to payments to fraudsters and the Council cannot recover monies. | * |
| | | In addition, the Integra Centros Purchase Ledger has built in checks to identify duplicate invoice numbers to help reduce suppliers and contractors being paid twice for the same invoice. |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|--|---|---|
| Risk Failure to fully comply with statutory requirements (e.g. HMRC requirements, Procurement Legislation, Accounting Requirements) | Risk Factors The key issues that could make this risk a reality would be: - • HMRC payroll returns submitted incorrectly or late. • Improper administration of VAT and/or returns submitted incorrectly or late • Construction Industry Scheme (CIS) Returns submitted incorrectly or late • Qualified Statutory Annual Accounts/Late Accounts | HMRC payroll returns, VAT Returns, Construction Industry Scheme returns – staff are experienced and knowledgeable; there are clear timetables and process deadlines in place; management monitors the submission of returns; specialist external tax advice available for assistance if required. Statutory Annual Accounts - staff are experienced and knowledgeable; clear guidance and timetables in place for closure and submission of Accounts. Procurement Compliance - Procurement training and advice provided to key officers in the Council; procurement |
| | Non-compliant procurement activities and failure to comply with agreed policies and associated legislation Data Protection (GDPR) compliance breach Late Government Returns | documentation in place (e.g. Procurement Strategy and Procurement Standing Orders). Data Protection Compliance – in-house training for staff, including arrangements for handling sensitive or personal data; Records Retention Policy; Acceptable Use of ICT Facilities and Information Security Policies; Information Security Awareness Training. |
| | Breaches of Health & Safety legislation | Government Returns - staff are experienced and knowledgeable; timetables for submitting returns in place; key returns are monitored and reconciled. |
| | | Health & Safety legislation - regular health & safety risk assessments carried out; robust Council health & safety policy; regular DSE assessments. |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|---|--|--|
| procurement regulations or Procurement standing orders. | The key issues that could make this risk a reality relate mainly to the activities of procuring officers and include: Lack of awareness of full requirements resulting in non-compliant procurement, potentially through a lack of training and/or capability Lack of resources to address full requirements both centrally and within services Disruption to supply of goods, services or works due to global, national, or regional crisis (eg. pandemic, constitutional change etc) resulting in revised arrangements and/or uncertainty on requirements. Deliberate non-compliance to seek to avoid the procedures and time required to meet policies and legislative requirements. Deliberate non-compliance potentially through fraudulent activity (eg. collusion with certain suppliers). A failure of control and monitoring arrangements to identify and address non-compliance. | A full review of procurement compliance has been undertaken by all Services. An agreed action plan to address areas of noncompliance (accounting for 14% of expenditure reviewed as at October 2021) has been presented and agreed through the Finance, Procurement & Transformation Committee. The Council has in place a Procurement Strategy and Procurement Standing Orders which provide clear guidance and direction on how the Council will conduct its procurement activities in accordance with the relevant policies and legislation. In addition, the Procurement Standing Orders set clear rules and procedures for the procurement of goods, works and services for the Council. These rules and procedures help ensure that the Council complies with its legal obligations and is fair, transparent and accountable in its dealings with contractors and suppliers. The Standing Orders are also intended to ensure that the Council obtains best value for money and takes good care of the public pound. The Procurement Strategies and Procurement Standing Orders are subject to regular review and updates and the development of a comprehensive contract register has further regularised procurement activities. The Council's central Procurement Team provide direct support to Service Departments to support and ensure effective and compliant procurement activity. Training on the obligations under procurement regulations and the Procurement Standing Orders is delivered across all Service Departments. Measures to monitor and address non-compliance have been |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|--|---|---|
| Failure to secure best value through procurement activities. | The key issues that could make this risk a reality include: Contract/tender specifications being insufficiently detailed or inaccurate resulting in increased payments or failure to secure procurement objectives. Failure to take advantage of economies of scale through collaborative contracts or use of established procurement frameworks or aggregation of spend. Overcharging by suppliers not identified and/or addressed by procuring officers Failure of procuring officers to comply with agreed procurement procedures and standing orders. Lack of, or lack of effectiveness of, contract and supplier management arrangements. | The Council has an agreed Procurement Strategy which provides clear guidance and direction on how the Council will conduct its procurement activities in accordance with the relevant policies and legislation. In addition, the Procurement Standing Orders set clear rules and procedures for the procurement of goods, works and services for the Council. These rules and procedures help ensure that the Council complies with its legal obligations and is fair, transparent and accountable in its dealings with contractors and suppliers. The Standing Orders are also intended to ensure that the Council obtains best value for money and takes good care of the public pound. The Council also has a comprehensive Contract and Supplier Management Strategy to provide clear leadership and governance arrangements for procurement and to: Deliver realistic cashable savings, through competitive market conditions, contract management and reviews of requirements, specification and delivery models. Maximise efficiencies and collaboration. Deliver procurement activity that aligns to Council priorities and objectives. Create a focus on sustainable procurement. Measure procurement performance. Regular procurement performance reviews are reported to the Finance, Procurement and Transformation Committee on a quarterly basis. |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
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| Failure to deliver Critical/Essential Services - Significant loss of staff or system/ process failure (or other event) impacting on service delivery | While Finance and Procurement has generally benefitted from low staff turnover for an extended period, significant staff departures or an inability to recruit/and or retain staff with required skills would have a significant impact on service delivery. This could arise from issues such as the loss of staff to other employers or staff seeking a change in role, career or lifestyle. This is a particular risk in areas of activity where there is increased demand for key skills. The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic has also highlighted the potential for loss of staff as a result of health issues including the impact of sustained workload pressures. A temporary loss of staff could also be caused by a range of issues such as a widespread outbreak of illness or the impact of severe weather restricting travel/attendance. | Arrangements are in place to support staff and to seek to ensure effective workload management. Regular communication with all staff and regular team meetings where issues can be addressed are a key element of the approach across all teams withing Finance and Procurement and this has been enhanced to support effective working and communication during the Covid-19 response and recovery period. Increasingly flexible working arrangements, including greater use of home working, are working effectively and will continue to be supported beyond the Covid-19 period to support both individual preferences and to support a flexible and effective approach to service delivery. Succession planning arrangements, staff development, knowledge transfers and career development are in place to support both staff retention and service continuity. Finance and Procurement has developed a Business Continuity plan to be used to support the maintenance of service during, or as a result of a significant system or process failure (or other event) which impacts negatively on Finance and Procurement's ability to deliver services. |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
|---|---|---|
| Failure to deliver Critical/Essential Services - Significant loss of staff or system/ process failure | Given the extent of reliance on computer systems, computer system failure presents a significant risk to service delivery. Finance and Procurement utilises a range of computer systems and the key issues that could lead to system failure include: | Finance and Procurement liaises closely with ICT and Digital to ensure that our computer systems are managed properly and have strong back-up procedures in place to allow a quick recovery if there is a failure. Finance and Procurement also maintain good relations with |
| (or other event) impacting on service delivery (cont) Technology problems – issue with a particular system performing as it should – e.g. system errors or poor speed. Network not working or not working properly. Issues with hardware – e.g. servers not working. Power failure. Cyber-attack causing system to be taken down or convirus attack. Difficulties associated with working from home (eg. internet connections, slow system response times etc. Significant damage to accommodation (eg. through) | Technology problems – issue with a particular system not performing as it should – e.g. system errors or poor system speed. Network not working or not working properly. | Finance and Procurement also maintain good relations with our major IT providers – Capita; Midland HR etc and can draw on their assistance to help rectify any ICT problems. Upgrades (including interfaces) are subject to a more rigorous testing environment which lessens the risk of software not performing as expected. |
| | Power failure. Cyber-attack causing system to be taken down or computer virus attack. Difficulties associated with working from home (eg. poor internet connections, slow system response times etc). Significant damage to accommodation (eg. through storm damage, fire etc) could also impact on service delivery | Building security and safety arrangements are in place and are regularly tested. The flexible working arrangements reflected above have also helped to mitigate risks in relation to the availability of accommodation. |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
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| Failure to prevent or detect acts of significant fraud or corruption | There is an ever-changing landscape and nature of threat around fraud and corruption. Areas of risk change, as does how the risk would become a reality. Therefore, it is difficult to be precise about what aspect the fraud and corruption could take. However, historically there are several areas which represent a risk in terms of fraud and corruption activities as follows: • Theft – cash or assets. • Misuse of accounts. • Purchase Ledger related – for example (but not limited to) false cheque requisitions; false invoices; diverting BACS payments; changes to supplier bank details; pay and return schemes; fictitious suppliers. • Improper use of purchase cards. • Payroll related - for example (but not limited to) fictitious employees; falsified overtime payments; improper salary levels; false expense claims. • Fraudulent insurance claims • Falsified employment credentials. • Improper award of contracts, collusion with contractors and/or acceptance of bribes. • Supplier receiving favourable treatment. • High value banking transactions. • Purchase of goods or supplies at higher than market value. • Fraudulent grant claims - eg. in relation to the recent Business Grant support arrangements. | The Council's overall financial control and monitoring arrangements help to mitigate the risk of fraud and corruption through the following: Monthly/quarterly budget monitoring. Established processes and procedures, including authorisation processes, additional authorisation requirements for high value banking transactions, procedure manuals and segregation of duties, annual review of authorised signatures. The work of Internal/External Audit. Visible audit trails within processes, especially computer processes. Participation in National Fraud Initiative. Robust computer systems, including robust system and processing controls. Good IT security. |
| | 25 | |
| | 23 | |

| Risk | Risk Factors | Mitigation / Contingency |
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| Failure to prevent | (see above) | Specific measures include the following: |
| or detect acts of | | Theft (cash or assets) - Buildings have regularly maintained intruder alarms. |
| significant fraud or corruption (cont) | | • Misuse of accounts - ICT and Digital have robust processes in place to prevent system administration users having access to lists of usernames and passwords. ICT and Digital also restrict access by systems administrators to payment systems, and any work on this is closely monitored. |
| | | • Purchase Ledger - Check of authorised signature; invoices matched to purchase orders & Goods Receives Note; validation of changes to bank accounts; robust processes around supplier maintenance. |
| | | • Improper use of purchase cards - statements and transaction logs to be signed off by an independent administrator, as well as an authorised signature. |
| | | • Payroll related - An annual staff check by each department; robust budget monitoring of staff costs; budget holder review of costs; All expenses claims require to be certified by an authorised signature. |
| | | • Fraudulent insurance claims - insurance brokers have processes and checks to help counteract fraudulent insurance claims. |
| | | • Falsified employment credentials - It is the recruiting managers responsibility to check qualifications and references are genuine. |
| | | • Improper award of contracts, Collusion with Contractors, Acceptance of Bribes, Supplier Receiving Favourable Treatment, Purchase of Goods at Higher than Markey Value - The Council has developed robust procedures which are reflected in the Procurement Standing Orders which must be adhered to for all procurement and contract award activity. The Council also has an agreed Contract & Supplier Management Strategy which provides a framework for a consistent approach by appropriately trained officers who are managing the Council's suppliers to ensure these activities are appropriately controlled and managed. The Council has also established both a Procurement Officers Group and an Integrity Group of senior officers with responsibility to maintain oversight of the Council's anti-fraud and anti-corruption policy framework and ensure compliance with it. |
| | | Additional checks were introduced, including bank detail checks, to support the effective administration of the business grants process. |
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